

B.Pharm I Year II Semester (R23) Supplementary Examinations March 2026

BIOCHEMISTRY

(B.Pharmacy)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- | | |
|---|----|
| (a) Explain Endergonic reactions. | 2M |
| (b) What is the Michaelis-Menten equation? | 2M |
| (c) Define gluconeogenesis and glycogenesis. | 2M |
| (d) What is 5HT? | 2M |
| (e) What is albinism? | 2M |
| (f) Write the significance of ATP. | 2M |
| (g) Hypercholesterolemia. | 2M |
| (h) Write any two functions of nucleic acids. | 2M |
| (i) Name sulfur-containing amino acids. | 2M |
| (j) Define codons. | 2M |

PART – B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

- | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|
| 2 | Discuss and detail about the Redox potential. | 10M |
| OR | | |
| 3 | Write in detail about the classification of Proteins. | 10M |
| 4 | Define Oxidative Phosphorylation. What is the cellular site of Oxidative phosphorylation? | 10M |
| OR | | |
| 5 | Describe the Hexose Monophosphate shunt pathway and add a note on metabolic significance. | 10M |
| 6 | Describe the Urea Cycle. | 10M |
| OR | | |
| 7 | Write the conversion of cholesterol to Vitamin D3. | 10M |
| 8 | Write about the biosynthesis of purine nucleotides. | 10M |
| OR | | |
| 9 | How genetic code is used for amino acid coding and explain with wobbles hypothesis? | 10M |
| 10 | Explain in detail about the clinical significance of Isoenzymes. | 10M |
| OR | | |
| 11 | Explain Enzyme kinetics with Michaelis plot. | 10M |

B.Pharm I Year II Semester (R23) Regular & Supplementary Examinations September/October 2025

BIOCHEMISTRY

(B.Pharmacy)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- | | |
|--|----|
| (a) Define Biomolecules. | 2M |
| (b) What is the significance of the HMP shunt? | 2M |
| (c) Gout disease. | 2M |
| (d) What is Oxidative phosphorylation? | 2M |
| (e) Differentiation mRNA & tRNA. | 2M |
| (f) Define enthalpy and entropy. | 2M |
| (g) Write the inhibitors of ETC. | 2M |
| (h) Define coenzymes. | 2M |
| (i) Diabetes Mellitus. | 2M |
| (j) Write the significance of the Line-Weaver Burk plot. | 2M |

PART – B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

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|----|--|-----|
| 2 | Define lipids. Classify lipids with examples. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| 3 | Describe Adenosine triphosphate as an energy-rich compound. | 10M |
| 4 | Describe the citric acid cycle with energetic. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| 5 | Describe the Urea Cycle. | 10M |
| 6 | Write about Jaundice and its types. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| 7 | Explain the De novo synthesis of Palmitic acid. | 10M |
| 8 | Biosynthesis of Purine nucleotide. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| 9 | Explain the steps involved in the biosynthesis of pyrimidine nucleotide. | 10M |
| 10 | Explain the coenzymes with examples. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| 11 | Explain the mechanism of enzyme action. | 10M |

B.Pharm I Year II Semester (R23) Supplementary Examinations April/May 2025

BIOCHEMISTRY

(B.Pharmacy)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- | | |
|--|----|
| (a) List out the aromatic amino acids with structure. | 2M |
| (b) What is redox potential? | 2M |
| (c) How many ATPs are produced in the TCA cycle? | 2M |
| (d) Justify that the mitochondria are called the powerhouse of the cell. | 2M |
| (e) How the fatty acids are stored in the liver and adipose tissue? | 2M |
| (f) What are the metabolic disorders of the urea cycle? | 2M |
| (g) What are the functions of RNA polymerase? | 2M |
| (h) Write the importance of histone proteins in genome organization. | 2M |
| (i) What is the Km value in the enzyme activity? | 2M |
| (j) What are inducible enzymes? | 2M |

PART – B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

- | | |
|--|----|
| 2 (a) Define fatty acids. Discuss the saturated and unsaturated fatty acids with examples. | 5M |
| (b) What are nucleic acids? List out the components of nucleotides in the nucleic acids. | 5M |
| OR | |
| 3 (a) What is the significance of cAMP in hormonal action? | 6M |
| (b) What is the difference between the endergonic and exergonic reaction? | 4M |
| 4 (a) Discuss the synthesis of glucose from pyruvate. | 6M |
| (b) List out the glycogen storage diseases with enzyme defects. | 4M |
| OR | |
| 5 (a) Describe the complexes involved in the electron transport chain for the delivery of NADH delivery. | 6M |
| (b) Discuss the inhibitors of the electron transport chain. | 4M |
| 6 (a) Write notes on the degradation of cholesterol. | 4M |
| (b) Describe in detail about the steps involved the fattyacid synthesis. | 6M |
| OR | |
| 7 (a) Write notes on synthesis of thyroid hormones and melanin from tyrosine. | 5M |
| (b) Write about the degradation of heme. | 5M |
| 8 (a) Write about the translation process in the prokaryotes. | 7M |
| (b) Explain the Watson and crick model of DNA. | 3M |
| OR | |
| 9 (a) Describe the synthesis of pyrimidine nucleotides. | 7M |
| (b) Write about the synthesis of nucleotides from purines. | 3M |
| 10 (a) What are enzymes? Give an outline classification of the enzymes. | 5M |
| (b) Explain the various types of enzymatic regulation. | 5M |
| OR | |
| 11 (a) Write about the MichaelisMenten equation. | 6M |
| (b) What are coenzymes? Write a role of coenzymes in the mode of enzyme action. | 4M |

B.Pharm I Year II Semester (R23) Regular Examinations September 2024

BIOCHEMISTRY

(B.Pharmacy)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

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|--|----|
| (a) What are the four main types of biomolecules? | 2M |
| (b) What are high energy bonds? | 2M |
| (c) Write the conversion of pyruvate to acetyl CoA. | 2M |
| (d) What is the importance of HMP pathway? | 2M |
| (e) What are ketone bodies? | 2M |
| (f) Write about the deamination. | 2M |
| (g) What are the functions of DNA polymerase? | 2M |
| (h) Write about the degradation of uric acid. | 2M |
| (i) Define allosteric enzymes with examples. | 2M |
| (j) What is the relationship between enzyme activity and concentration of substrate? | 2M |

PART – B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

- | | |
|---|----|
| 2 (a) Write the general structure of amino acids and classify the amino acids based on the polarity. | 5M |
| (b) Differentiate the homo polysaccharides and hetero polysaccharides along with structure and functions. | 5M |

OR

- | | |
|--|----|
| 3 (a) Give a brief account on high energy compounds. | 5M |
| (b) Describe the relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy. | 5M |
| 4 (a) Justify that the Krebs cycle is the final common pathway for the oxidation of carbohydrates, and fats. | 4M |
| (b) Describe the pentose pathway along with significance. | 6M |

OR

- | | |
|--|----|
| 5 (a) Describe the complexes involved in the electron transport chain for the delivery of FADH delivery. | 5M |
| (b) Define oxidative phosphorylation. Discuss the chemiosmotic hypothesis. | 5M |
| 6 (a) Define fattyacids. Explain the steps involved in the breakdown of fattyacids. | 6M |
| (b) Discuss the disorders found in hypercholesterolemia. | 4M |

OR

- | | |
|--|----|
| 7 (a) How the urea is formed from an amino group of amino acids? | 6M |
| (b) Discuss the disorders related to tyrosine metabolism. | 4M |
| 8 (a) Explain the process of replication in prokaryotes. | 7M |
| (b) Write about the types of RNA with functions. | 3M |

OR

Contd. in Page 2

- 9 (a) Describe the steps in the Denovo pathway for the synthesis of purine nucleotides. 7M
(b) Discuss the gout disease and its treatment. 3M
- 10 (a) Define enzyme. What are the factors that affect the enzyme activity? 5M
(b) What is enzyme inhibition? Write about the types of reversible inhibition. 5M
- OR**
- 11 (a) Write about the Michaelis-Menten equation. 7M
(b) List out the enzymes involved in the diagnosis of liver and muscle disease. 3M
